

PRODUCT NAME: ABRO Rust Converter

PRODUCT NUMBER/SIZE: RC-1000-R Revision Date: 03/17/2015

### **SECTION 1**

### Identification of the Substance and of the Company/Undertaking

MANUFACTURER'S NAME: ABRO INDUSTRIES, INC.

ADDRESS: 3580 Blackthorn Court

South Bend, IN 46628

USA

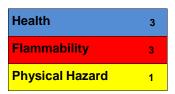
PRODUCT DESCRIPTION: Rust Remover

COMPANY PHONE: 574-232-8289

EMERGENCY 24-HR TELEPHONE: Chemtrec: US/Canada 1-800-424-9300

International +1-703-527-3887

## SECTION 2 Hazards Identification



**OSHA/HCS Status:** This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

#### Classification:

FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1

GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas

ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4

ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation and

Narcotic effects) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 3%

Label Pictogram(s):



Signal Word: DANGER



Hazard Phrases: Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if

heated. Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Precautionary Phrases:

Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated

area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

**Response:** Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air

and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye

irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage / Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Dispose of contents and container

in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other: DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains

solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Keep upright in a cool, dry

place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.

# SECTION 3 Composition/Information on Ingredients

**Substance/mixture:** Mixture **Other means of identification:** Not available.

COMPONENTS	CAS Number	Percent by weight	
Acetone	67-64-1	38.5 %	
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	11.5 %	
Formic Acid	64-18-6	2.0 %	

<sup>\*\*</sup>There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section. Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.



## SECTION 4 First Aid Measures

### First Aid Measures

**Eye Contact** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the

upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation** Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin Contact**Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing

and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to

fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or

waistband.

#### Most Important Signs & Symptoms/Effects, acute and delayed

**Potential Acute Health Effects** 

Eye Contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS)

depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause

respiratory irritation.

Skin Contact: Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Irritating to

mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye Contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness



Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin Contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately

if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable

training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth

resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before

removing it, or wear gloves.

SECTION 5
Fire Fighting Measures

**Suitable Extinguishing Media:** Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: None known.

**Specific Hazards Arising From** 

The Chemical:

Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may

create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous Thermal

**Decomposition Products:** 

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

**Special Protective Actions For** 

Fire-Fighters:

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move

containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water

spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special Protective Equipment For** 

Fire-Fighters:

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece



operated in positive pressure mode.

## SECTION 6 Accidental Release Measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For Non-Emergency Personnel:

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For Emergency Responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

**Environmental Precautions:** 

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small Spill:

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large Spill:

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# SECTION 7 Handling and Storage

**Precautions for Safe Handling** 

**Protective Measures:** Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).



Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Advice On General Occupational Hygiene:

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions For Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# SECTION 8 Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

#### **Control Parameters**

**Occupational Exposure Limits:** 

Ingredient Name Exposure Limits

Acetone ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).

TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1188 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1782 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2400 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

2-Butoxyethanol ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

Absorbed through skin. TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 24 mg/m³ 10 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).

**Absorbed through skin.** TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 240 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

Formic Acid ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).

TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 9.4 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 10 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 19 mg/m³ 15 minutes.



NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).

TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 9 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).

TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 9 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

Appropriate Engineering Controls:

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental Exposure** Controls:

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene Measures:** 

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/Face Protection:** 

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin Protection
Hand Protection:

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body Protection:** 

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include antistatic overalls, boots and gloves.

Other Skin Protection:

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.



**Respiratory Protection:** Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an

approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the

selected respirator.

# SECTION 9 Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid.

Color:Not Available.Odor:Not Available.Odor Threshold:Not Available.pH:Not Available.Melting Point:Not Available.Boiling Point:Not Available.

Flash Point: Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed

Cup]

**Evaporation Rate:** 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (Solid, Gas):

Lower And Upper Explosive (Flammable)

Limits:

Not Available.

Lower: 1.1%

Upper: 57%

**Vapor Pressure:** 13.5 kPa (101.325 mm Hg) [at 20°C]

Vapor Density: 1 [Air = 1] Relative Density: 0.76

Solubility: Not Available.

Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water: Not Available.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: Not Available.

Decomposition Temperature: Not Available.

Viscosity: Kinematic (room temperature): <0.07 cm2/s (<7 cSt)

Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.07 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (<7 cSt)

**Aerosol Product** 

Type Of Aerosol: Spray

**Heat Of Combusion:** 0.00002491 kJ/g

## SECTION 10 Stability and Reactivity

**Reactivity**No specific test data related to reactivity available for this

product or its ingredients.

**Chemical Stability:** The product is stable.

Possibility Of Hazardous Reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

reactions will not occur.

**Conditions To Avoid:** Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Incompatible Materials: No specific data.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

decomposition products should not be produced.



### **SECTION 11 Toxicological Information**

A austa	Ta	via	.:4.,
<b>Acute</b>	10	XIC	ily

Product/Ingredient Name	Result	<b>Species</b>	Dose	<b>Exposure</b>
Acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
2-Butoxyethanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas	Rat	450 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	220 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	250 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	-
Formic Acid	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	7400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	730 ma/ka	-

Irritation/Correction

Irritation/Corrosion Product/Ingredient Name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 parts per million	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 microliters	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 milligrams	-
2-Butoxyethanolq	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
Formic Acid	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	122 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	610 milligrams	-

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### Mutagenicity

Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification Product/ingredient name **OSHA IARC NTP** 2-Butoxyethanol 3

### **Reproductive Toxicity**

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)** 

**Target Organs**Respiratory tract irritation and Name Category Route of Exposure Category 3 Acetone Not applicable. Narcotic effects



2-Butoxyethanol Category 3 Not applicable. Respiratory tract irritation and

Narcotic effects

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

NameCategoryRoute of ExposureTarget OrgansAcetoneCategory 2Not determined.Not determined.2-ButoxyethanolCategory 2Not determined.Not determined.

### **Aspiration Hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure: Not available.

#### **Potential Acute Health Effects**

Eye Contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause

drowsiness and dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin Contact: Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Irritating to mouth, throat and

stomach.

#### Symptoms Related To The Physical, Chemical And Toxicological Characteristics

Eye Contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin Contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: No specific data.

### Delayed And Immediate Effects And Also Chronic Effects From Short And Long Term Exposure

**Short Term Exposure** 

Potential immediate effects: Not available. Potential delayed effects: Not available.

**Long Term Exposure** 

Potential immediate effects: Not available. Potential delayed effects: Not available.

#### **Potential Chronic Health Effects**

Not available.

General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.



Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Numerical Measures Of Toxicity** 

Acute toxicity estimates

 Route
 ATE Value

 Oral
 2045.9 mg/kg

 Dermal
 1907.3 mg/kg

 Inhalation (gases)
 3901.2 ppm

 Inhalation (vapors)
 370 mg/l

## SECTION 12 Ecological Information

**Toxicity** 

Product/ingredient name Result **Species Exposure** Acetone Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water Algae - Ulva pertusa 96 hours Crustaceans -Gammarus pulex Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water 48 hours Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water Daphnia - Daphnia magna 48 hours Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water Fish - Poecilia reticulate 96 hours Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water Algae - Ulva pertusa 96 hours Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water Crustaceans - Daphniidae 21 days Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water Daphnia - Daphnia magna -21 days neonate Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus -42 days Larvae 2-Butoxyethanol Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water Daphnia - Daphnia magna 48 hours Crustaceans - Crangon crangon Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water 48 hours Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine Fish - Menidia bervllina 96 hours Formic Acid Acute EC50 151200 µg/l Fresh water Daphnia - Daphnia magna -48 hours Larvae Acute LC50 80000 to 90000 µg/l Crustaceans - Carcinus maenas 48 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name Aquatic half-life Photolysis Biodegradbility
Acetone - Readily
2-Butoxyethanol - Readily

#### Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>OC</sub>): Not available

Marine water

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13 Disposal Considerations

**Disposal Methods:** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever

possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

- Adult



Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

# SECTION 14 Transport Information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN Number UN proper shipping name	UN1950 AEROSOLS	UN1950 AEROSOLS	UN1950 AEROSOLS	UN1950 AEROSOLS, flammable	UN1950 AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1  FLAMMABLE GAS 2	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group Environmental	- No.	- No.	- No.	- No.	- No.
hazards Additional information	Special provisions LIMITED QUANTITY	Special provisions LIMITED QUANTITY	Special provisions (ERG#126)	Special provisions LIMITED QUANTITY	Emergency schedules (EmS) LIMITED QUANTITY, F-D, S-U

Special precautions for user:

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:

Not available.

## SECTION 15 Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal regulations: State regulations:



### SECTION 16 Other Information

We believe all information given is accurate. It is offered in good faith but without guarantee. Since conditions of use are beyond our control, user assumes all responsibility and risk.

The supplier disclaims all expressed or implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for a specific use, with respect to the product or the information provided herein, except for conformation to contracted specifications. All information appearing herein is based upon data obtained from manufacturers and/or recognized technical sources. While the information is believed to be accurate, we make no representations as to its accuracy or sufficiency. Conditions of use are beyond our control, and therefore users are responsible for verifying the data under their own operating conditions to determine whether the product is suitable for their particular purposes and they assume all risks of their use, handling, and disposal of the product. Users also assume all risks in regards to the publication or use of, or reliance upon, information contained herein. This information relates only to the product designated herein, and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or process.

#### **ABBREVIATIONS:**

NG="NOT GIVEN" BT="BETWEEN" <="LESS THAN" >="GREATER THAN" ND = Not Determined NA = Not Applicable